



Regulators & Resilience: How Cybersecurity and Aviation Standards Are Converging

Mike Robb, Vice President, Engineering | December 2025



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Introduction

Mike Robb

Vice President, Engineering
Woodward, Inc.

- › Lead Woodward's Aerospace Electronics team to develop cleaner, more-electric, safety-critical control systems for next-generation aircraft
- › Hold a multitude of software certifications across all relevant domains
- › Live in a forest where I buck, chop and stack firewood
- › Published author of 200+ children's and young adult sci-fi books



Woodward, Inc. designs and delivers world class controls for aerospace applications



Integrated Propulsion Systems

- › Fuel Systems
- › Engine Actuation
- › Thrust Reverser Actuation
- › Fuel Injection & Ignition
- › Oil & Air Management



Flight Deck Controls

- › Side Sticks
- › Throttles
- › Pedals
- › Flap Levers



Aircraft Actuation & Controls

- › Electromechanical Actuation
- › Hydraulic Actuation
- › Precision Motors
- › Servo Controls
- › Sensors



**OUR
PURPOSE**

To design and deliver energy control solutions our partners count on to power a clean future.

**OUR CORE
VALUES**

Integrity

We do the right thing. Always.

Respectful & Accountable

We hold each other in high esteem and hold each other to high standards.

Humble & Driven

We're confident but not arrogant. We're always striving for better.

My journey here...



Setting the Stage: Regulatory Evolution

Cybersecurity Challenges in Aviation

Emerging Threats

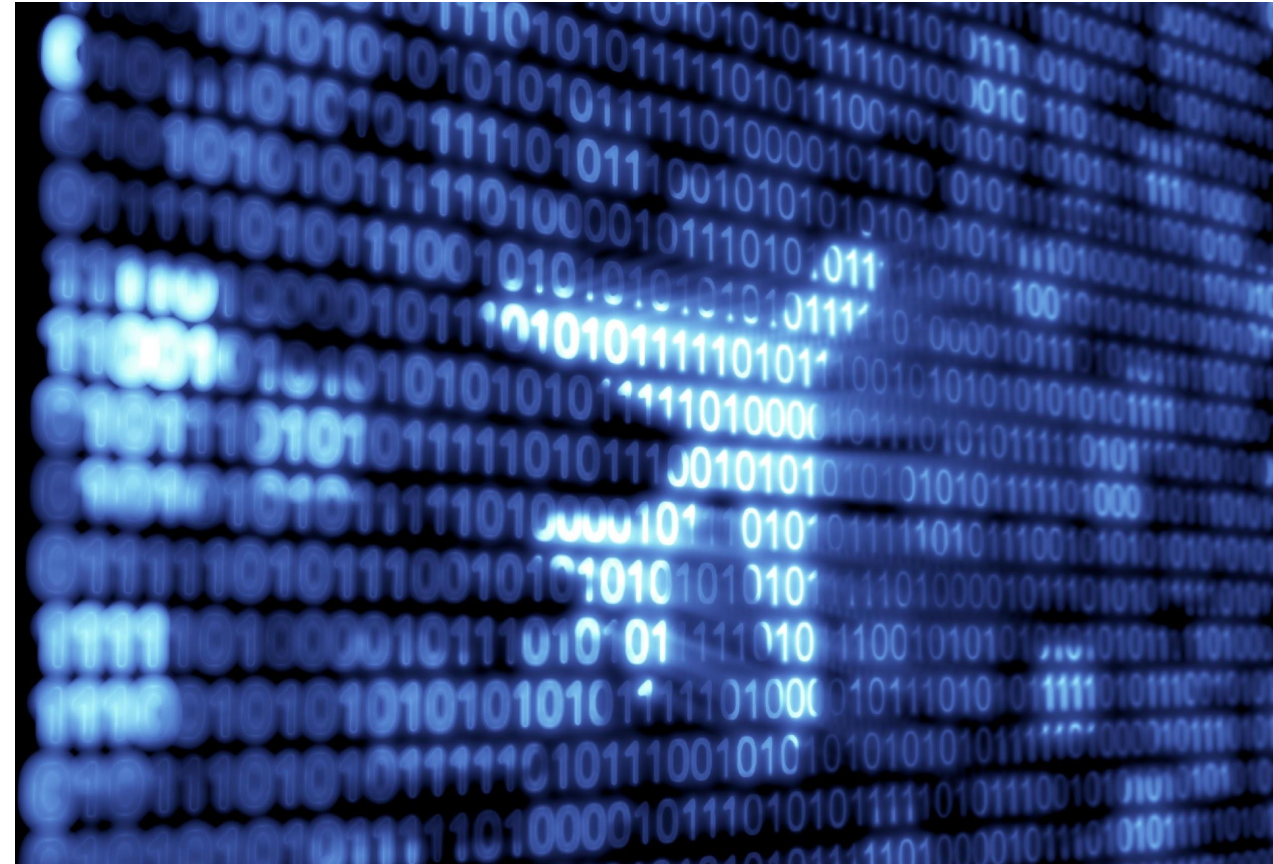
- › Increased use of wireless communication, IoT, and networked avionics systems
- › Risk of cyberattacks targeting critical systems like flight controls and navigation

Regulatory Landscape

- › RTCA DO-326A/ED-202A: Airworthiness Security Process Specification.
- › DO-356A/ED-203A: Security Assurance for Airborne Systems.
- › EASA and FAA cybersecurity initiatives

Key Vulnerabilities

Legacy systems and third-party software heighten supply chain risks



Airworthiness Meets Cyber Resilience

- › Aviation regulators increasingly embedding **cybersecurity** within **airworthiness** frameworks
- › Cyber threats now viewed as **safety threats**, prompting a unified regulatory approach
- › Merging airworthiness and digital resilience is reshaping compliance, certification, and operational readiness

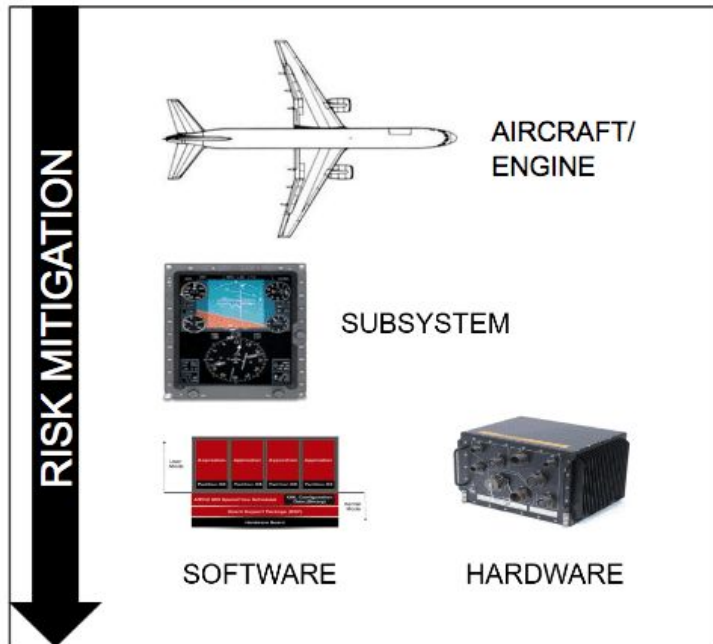


Commercial Cyber History

EASA, FAA integrating cyber policies for engine and prop controllers

AVIONICS SAFETY & EVOLVING SECURITY GUIDELINES

Part 25 Example



Airworthiness Laws

- CFR 25.1309 (US) / CS 25.1309 (EU)

High-Level Guidelines

- ARP 4761 & ARP 4754A
- FAAAC 20-115D, EASA AMC 20-115D
- **Proposed AMC 20-42 (NPA 2019-1)**

Guidelines for Safety

- RTCA DO-297, EUROCAE ED-124
- RTCA DO-178C, EUROCAE ED-12C
- RTCA DO-254, EUROCAE ED-80

Guidelines for Security

- RTCA DO326A, EUROCAE ED-202A
- RTCA DO-356A, EUROCAE ED-203A
- RTCA DO-355A, EUROCAE ED-204A

Aircraft Cybersecurity

- Security Risk Assessments: SAL Levels
- Network/Interface Security
- Engine & Prop Control Systems Specifically Cited

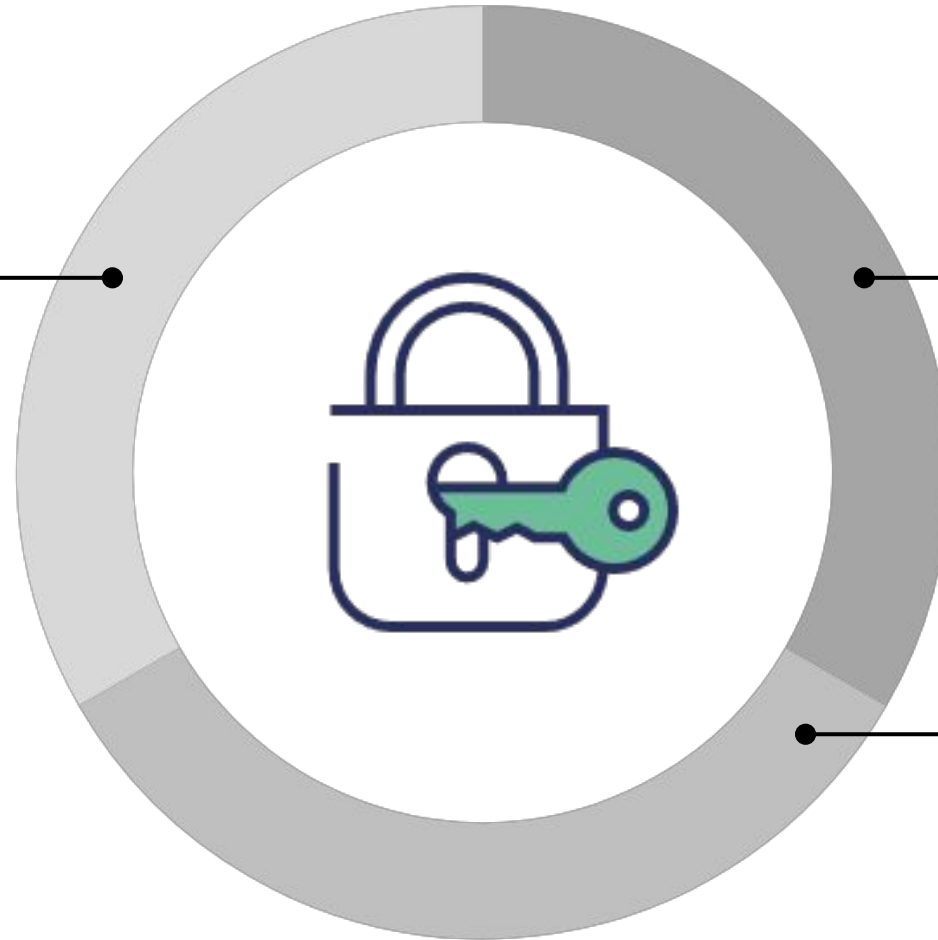
RTCA Guidance

- Drafts in work currently
- “Special Consideration” required for deviations

Cyber Security Component Analysis

Application Security

Protection of embedded software ensuring integrity not compromised



Physical Security

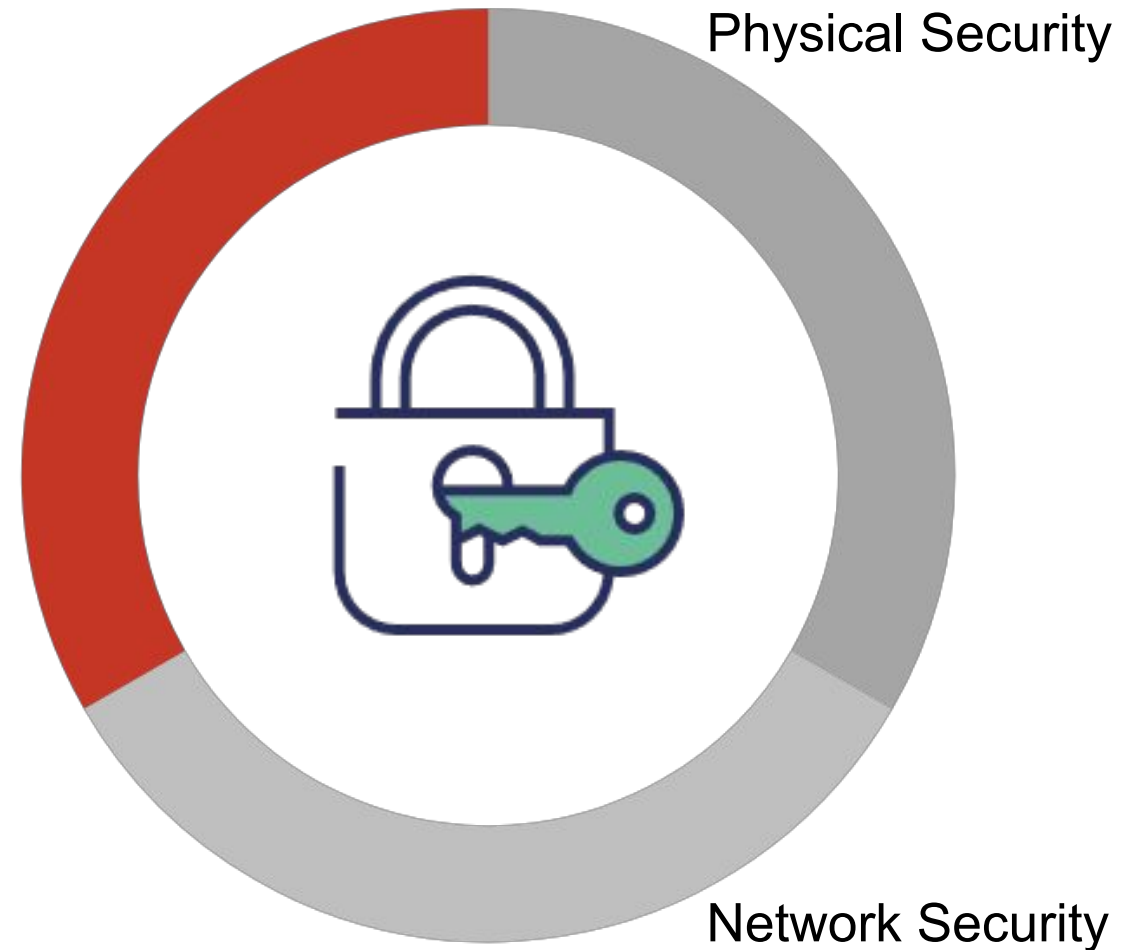
Protection from a person directly access computer data, files, components

Protection from access through Internet/Intranet

Network Security

Spotlight on **Application Security**

- › **Integrity:** Code Validating
- › **IP-Protection:** Encrypting Decrypting
- › **Key-Management:** Handling & Distributing
- › **Interface:** Protecting & Validating
- › **Hardware:** Fusing Keys into processor
- › **Process:** Developing Methods



Understanding the DO-178

(Software Considerations in Airborne
Systems and Equipment Certification)

DO-178 A → B → C: Evolution of Airborne Software Certification

- › Primary software safety standard for airborne systems
- › Successive RTCA guidance that scales software rigor by safety level
- › **DO-178C is today's baseline**
- › Adopted by major regulators (FAA, Transport Canada, EASA)
- › Military and defense sectors often require additional or modified standards such as mission-specific cybersecurity layers

DO-178C and ED-202A are Complementary Standards

Software Safety

DO-178

Software Considerations in Airborne Systems and Equipment Certification

- › Design Assurance Levels
- › Requirement Based Development
- › Verification and Validation
- › Configuration Management
- › Quality Assurance

System-level Cybersecurity

ED-202A

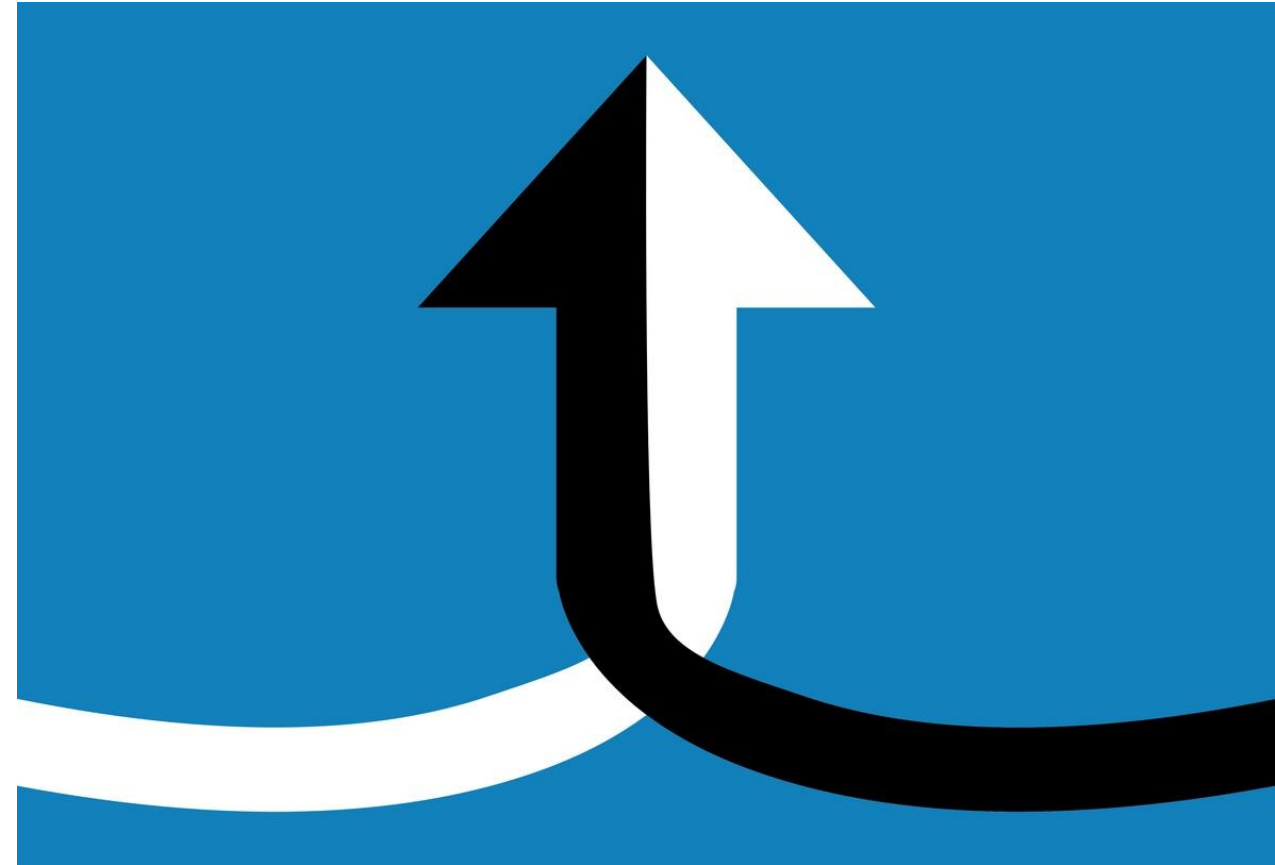
Airworthiness Security Process Specification

- › Security Risk Assessment
- › Security Requirements
- › Secure Architecture and Design
- › Verification and Validation Measures
- › Lifecycle Security Management

The Convergence of Cybersecurity and Airworthiness

Converging Requirements, One Compliance Path

- › Traditional vs. emerging requirements
 - › From functional safety to cyber resilience
- › Companies are unifying compliance frameworks
- › Real-world implications of noncompliance
 - › costly delays
 - › certification rework
 - › potential safety impacts



Woodward's Approach: Built-in Compliance and Continuous Readiness

Engineering Compliance Designed into Our Code

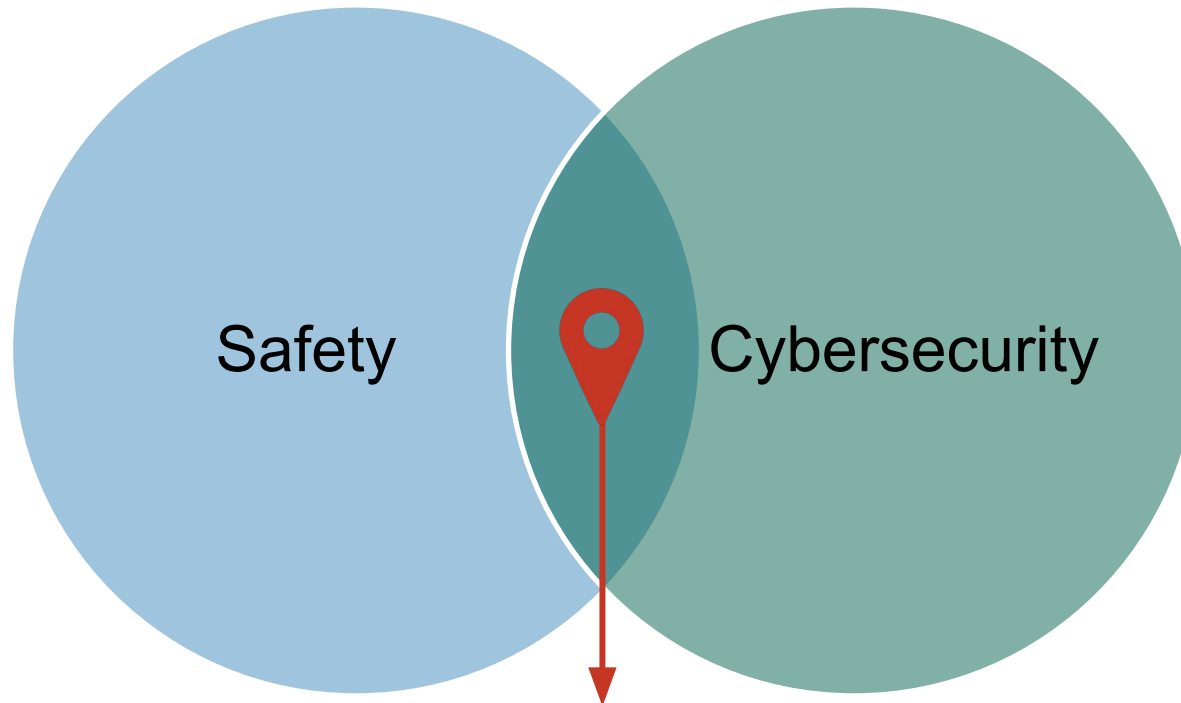
Woodward takes a proactive approach

- › Designing compliance and security directly into product software architecture
- › Establishing proactive cybersecurity processes to ensure DO-178C alignment
- › Monitoring regulatory changes with a dedicated team tracking FAA, EASA, and Transport Canada requirements
- › Leveraging DO-178 expertise to support programs and customer partnerships
- › Driving a continuous improvement mindset across all initiatives



DO-178C and Cyber Security Alignment

- › Focus on functional safety
- › Ensures deterministic behavior of software
- › Software verification and validation
- › Compliance with aviation safety regulations



- › Protects against malicious attacks (e.g., hacking)
- › Data confidentiality, integrity, and availability
- › Threat modeling and risk assessment
- › Secure Boot and communication protocols

SHARED GOALS
System Integrity
Reliability
Verification & Validation
Defense-in-Depth

Compliance and Audit Readiness

Framework Alignment for Security Assurance

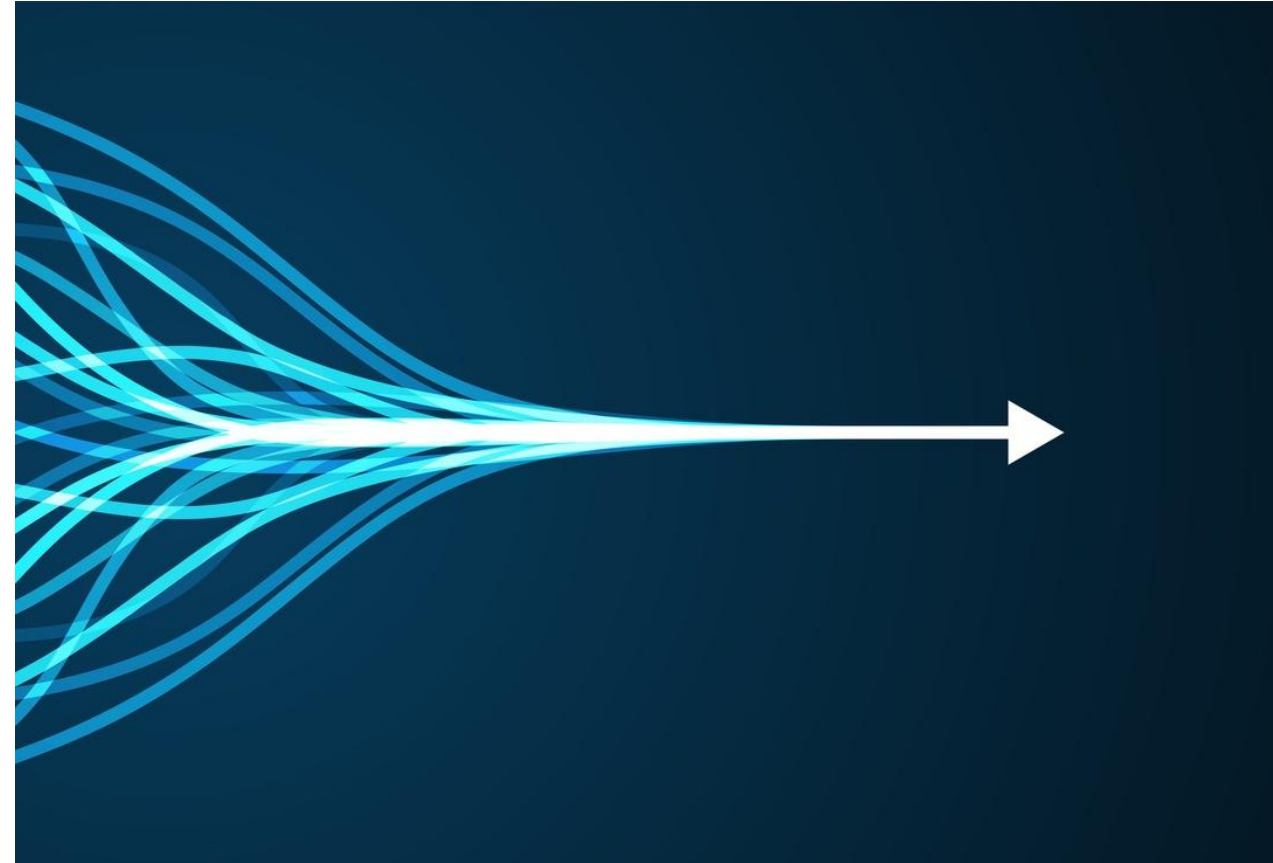
- › **Update** - WWD Engineering Processes to integrate Security Development Life Cycle (SDLC)
- › **New** - WWD Standards for SDLC Methods/Activities
 - › Reference in Program Planning
- › **New** - WWD SDLC Review Checklists
 - › Peer Review Checklists for verification of outputs of SDLC, based on SDLC standards
- › **New** - WWD Templates for artifacts from SDLC
- › **Maintain** - Configuration Management Rigor consistent with DO-178C



Looking Ahead: Building a Resilient Future

Road Forward & Woodward's Commitment

- › Predict the continued convergence of safety and cybersecurity regulation toward a **living global standard**
- › **Collaboration** between regulators, industry and suppliers is key
- › Woodward will continue to **lead by example** to enable safer skies



My journey home...





Q & A

Powering a clean future

